

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claims 1-34 (Cancelled).

35. (Previously Presented) A single-mode optical transmission fiber for use in a wavelength-division-multiplexing system having carrier wavelengths in an extended wavelength range between about 1530 and 1650 nm, the fiber comprising:

a glass core including:

an inner core having a first refractive-index difference;

a first layer radially surrounding the inner core along the length of the fiber and having a second refractive-index difference of less than zero;

a second layer radially surrounding the first layer along the length of the fiber and having a third refractive-index difference;

a third layer radially surrounding and adjacent to the second layer along the length of the fiber and having a fourth refractive-index difference of greater than zero;

a glass cladding surrounding the glass core and having a refractive-index difference substantially equal to zero,

wherein said second layer has a width in the range 1-5 μm and said third refractive-index difference is, in absolute value, less than 40% of said second refractive-index difference.

36. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 35, wherein said third refractive-index difference is, in absolute value, less than 20% of said second refractive-index difference.

37. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 36, wherein said third refractive-index difference is substantially zero.

38. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein said second layer has a width in the range of 2-4 μm .

39. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, further comprising a fourth layer radially surrounding the third layer along the length of the fiber and having a fifth refractive-index difference of less than zero.

40. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the first refractive-index difference of the inner core exceeds the fourth refractive-index difference of the third layer.

41. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the fourth refractive-index difference of the third layer exceeds the first refractive-index difference of the inner core.

FINNEGAN
HENDERSON
FARABOW
GARRETT &
DUNNER LLP

1300 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20005
202.408.4000
Fax 202.408.4400
www.finnegan.com

42. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the fiber has a zero-dispersion wavelength of less than about 1500 nm.

43. (Previously Presented) The fiber claim 42, wherein the fiber has a zero-dispersion wavelength of less than about 1480 nm.

44. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the fiber has a dispersion slope less than or equal to $0.043 \text{ ps/nm}^2/\text{km}$ at a wavelength of 1550 nm.

45. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the extended wavelength range is between about 1450 and 1650 nm.

46. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 45, wherein the fiber has a dispersion slope less than about $0.07 \text{ ps/nm}^2/\text{km}$ over the extended wavelength range.

47. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 46, wherein the fiber has a dispersion slope less than about $0.05 \text{ ps/nm}^2/\text{km}$ over the extended wavelength range.

48. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the fiber has a dispersion value of at least 1.5 ps/nm/km over the extended wavelength range.

49. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 48, wherein the dispersion value ranges from about 1.5-12 ps/nm/km across the extended wavelength range.

50. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the fiber has a dispersion slope less than or equal to 0.046 ps/nm²/km at a wavelength of 1550 nm.

51. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the fiber has a zero-dispersion wavelength of less than about 1450 nm.

52. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 35, wherein the fiber has an effective area of greater than 50 μm^2 .

53. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 52, wherein the fiber has an effective area of about 55 μm^2 .

54. (Previously Presented) A method for producing a single-mode optical fiber for use in a wavelength-division-multiplexing transmission system having carrier wavelengths in an extended wavelength range, comprising:

producing a preform having

an inner core region with a first refractive-index difference;

a first layer radially surrounding the inner core region along the length of the preform and having a second refractive-index difference of less than zero;

a second layer radially surrounding the first layer along the length of the preform and having a third refractive-index difference;

a third layer radially surrounding and adjacent to the second layer along the length of the preform and having a fourth refractive-index difference of greater than zero; and

a glass cladding surrounding the core region and having a refractive-index difference substantially equal to zero; and

drawing said preform,

wherein the step of producing a preform comprises:

selecting said third refractive-index difference to be, in absolute value, less than 40% of said second refractive-index difference; and

selecting a width of said second layer in the preform so that a corresponding layer in the drawn fiber has a width in the range of 1-5 μm .

55. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 54, wherein said third refractive-index difference is selected to be, in absolute value, less than 20% of said second refractive-index difference.

56. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 54, wherein the step of producing a preform comprises selecting a width of said second layer in the preform so that a corresponding layer in the drawn fiber has a width in the range of 2-4 μm .

57. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 54, comprising selecting the widths of said inner core region and of said first, second and third layers and selecting said first, second, third and fourth refractive index differences so that the dispersion slope of the drawn fiber is less than or equal to $0.046 \text{ ps/nm}^2/\text{km}$ at a wavelength of 1550 nm.

58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, comprising selecting the widths of said inner core region and of said first, second and third layers and selecting said first, second, third and fourth refractive index differences so that the dispersion slope of the drawn fiber is less than or equal to $0.043 \text{ ps/nm}^2/\text{km}$ at a wavelength of 1550 nm.

59. (Previously Presented) A single-mode optical transmission fiber, comprising:

a glass core having a central cross-sectional area with a first refractive-index peak, an outside ring with a second refractive-index peak higher than the first peak, a first intermediate region between the two peaks having a low-dopant content, and a second intermediate region between the first peak and the first intermediate region with a refractive-index depression lower than the first intermediate region; and

a glass cladding surrounding the glass core, wherein the fiber has a dispersion slope of less than about $0.05 \text{ ps/nm}^2/\text{km}$ over a wavelength range of about 1530-1650 nm.

60. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 59, further comprising a layer radially surrounding the outside ring and having a depressed refractive-index difference.

61. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 59, wherein the fiber has a dispersion value of at least 1.5 ps/nm/km over a wavelength range of about 1530-1650 nm.

62. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 61, wherein the fiber has a zero-dispersion wavelength of less than 1500 nm.

63. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 62, wherein the fiber has a zero-dispersion wavelength of less than about 1480 nm.

64. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 59, wherein the fiber has a dispersion slope of less than about 0.05 ps/nm²/km over a wavelength range of about 1450-1650 nm.

65. (Previously Presented) The fiber of claim 64, wherein the fiber has a zero-dispersion wavelength of less than about 1450 nm.

66. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 59, wherein the fiber has an effective area of greater than 50 μm^2 .

67. (Previously Presented) The fiber according to claim 66, wherein the fiber has an effective area of about $55 \mu\text{m}^2$.

Claims 68-69 (Cancelled).

FINNEGAN
HENDERSON
FARABOW
GARRETT &
DUNNER LLP

1300 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20005
202.408.4000
Fax 202.408.4400
www.finnegan.com